Alcoholic liquors were generally sold under specified conditions by licensed hotels or licensed shops until the First World War. During that War prohibition was established generally but, in more recent years, the Provincial Governments have taken over the sale of liquors through liquor commissions.

A possible reason for the slight decrease in offences against the liquor Acts in 1948 is the separate listing of breaches under the Indian Act, most of which have to do with liquor. Previous to 1948, such offences were compiled under the liquor Acts or under drunkenness.

## 15.—Convictions for Offences against the Liquor Acts, by Provinces, Years Ended Sept. 30, 1939-48

Note.—Figures for 1900-38 are given in the corresponding tables of previous Year Books beginning with the 1933 edition.

Year	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yukon	N.W.T.	Canada
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
1939		1,181	619	2,423	5,144	1,052	593	913	1,307	24	27	13,513
19 <b>4</b> 0 19 <b>4</b> 1	215 250	$1,149 \\ 1,273$	379 <b>43</b> 1	$\frac{2,102}{3,206}$	5,372 $6,346$	997 624	927 894	831 1,298	903 994	37 25	34 28	12,946 15,369
1942	188	1,323	477	3,037	6,901	1,130	982	1,294	1,508	24	34	16,898
1943 1944	118 56	1,369 $2,240$	473 814	$\frac{2,070}{1,287}$	$6,751 \\ 8,332$	1,086 1,057	1,099 1,010	1,106 1,108	944 1,047	47 119	36 23	15,099 17,093
1945	155	2,324	911	2,626	10,655	1,429	1,416	1,454	1,215	39 57	13 146	22,237
1946 1947	374 354	3,436 2,503	$1,411 \\ 1,742$	2,274 $1,494$	$15,779 \\ 12,889$	2,059 2,229	$2,697 \\ 2,712$	2,514 $2,623$	2,615 1,741	46	153	33,362 28,486
1948		2,274	1,274	1,519	13,891	1.921	2,311	2,670	1,443	39	73	27,744

Convictions of Females.—The number of convictions against females for non-indictable offences has increased steadily each year since 1944, the increase in 1948 over 1947 amounting to 50 p.c. Only two provinces, New Brunswick and Saskatchewan, recorded decreases in 1948 from the previous year. In British Columbia the number of convictions was more than doubled, though some 90 p.c. of this increase was due to infractions of traffic regulations. Ontario convictions increased by 62 p.c., Prince Edward Island by 51 p.c. and Nova Scotia by 22 p.c.

Breaches of traffic regulations accounted for most of these convictions, numbering 36,593 in 1948 as compared with 18,698 in 1947. Drunkenness came next with 4,742, a small increase of 139 over 1947. Infractions of the liquor Acts showed a reduction from 1,524 in 1947 to 1,390 in 1948, and convictions recorded as vagrancy were down 33 p.c. Minor infractions of municipal by-laws accounted for almost 7 p.c. of the total in 1948.

## 16.—Convictions of Females for Non-Indictable Offences, by Provinces, Years Ended Sept. 30, 1944-48

Province or Territory	Numbers of Convictions					Percentages of Convictions of Females to Total Convictions				
	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon and N.W.T	562 430 5,299 10,343 1,293 402 634	82 645 424 7,066 10,780 1,211 427 754 1,907 27	515 6,974	383 480 6,738 20,581 1,715 526 1,057	33,360 1,812 513 1,156	4·7 3·7 5·5 6·1 5·4 5·6 6·8	5.9 6.6 4.3 4.5 5.1 5.3 4.7 6.5 8.3	4.6 4.9 3.7 3.9 5.1 4.4 5.8 6.5	1.5 3.2 3.4 3.6 5.1 3.5 5.7 6.4 7.5	2·5 3·5 2·9 3·7 8·1 3·6 3·4 6·2 9·3 13·9
Canada	20,442	23,323	33,805	34,508	51,856	5.0	5.1	5.1	4.6	6.3